

# 



INNOVATIVE BITUMINOUS POLYMER COMPOUND



EVEN MORE
LIGHTWEIGHT AND
POWERFUL
(up to 4 mm = 36 kg)

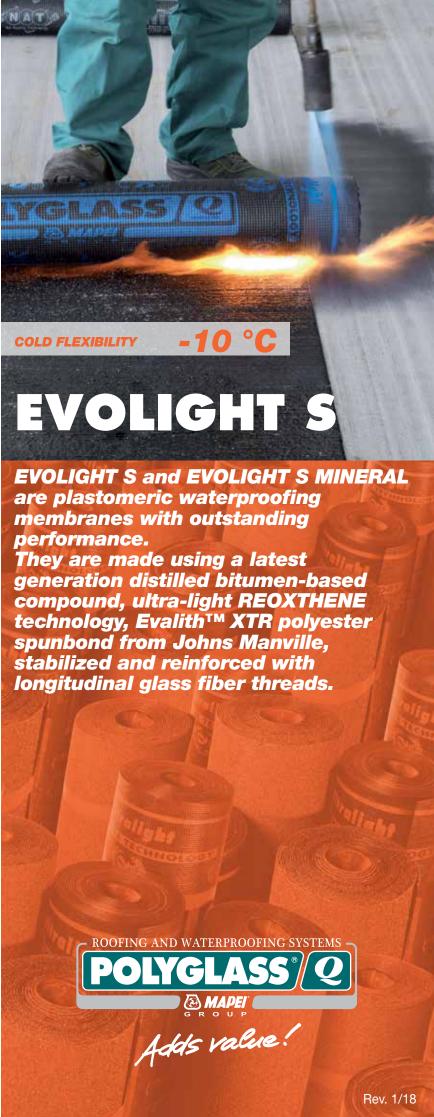


INCREASED PRODUCT PERFORMANCE

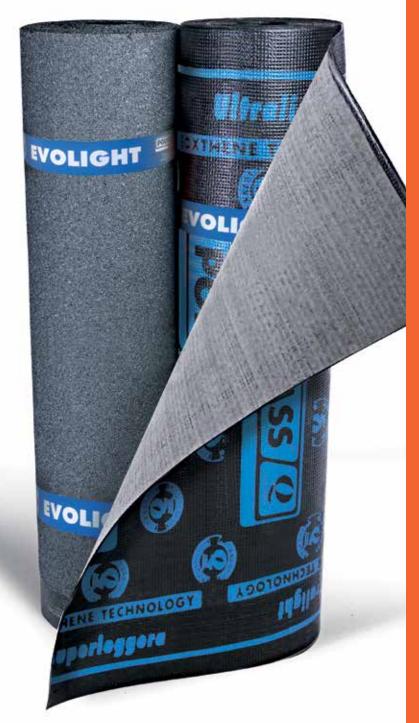


EXCEPTIONALY EASY TO APPLY; HIGHER DAILY OUTPUT





# REOXTHENE TECHNOLOGY®









REOXTHENE is the revolutionary technology developed by the POLYGLASS and MAPEI Research & Development laboratories. An innovative approach has revolutionised traditional bituminous compound mixing and compound techniques. This lets us go beyond yesterday's technological limits in the weight/thickness ratio.

### **REOXTHENE TECHNOLOGY lets**

POLYGLASS produce chemically innovative compounds with specific weights, which can't be achieved using traditional phase inversion methods.

### REOXTHENE TECHNOLOGY

is protected by a patent which guarantees exclusive POLYGLASS rights.

### TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

EVOLIGHT S and EVOLIGHT S MINERAL are plastomeric waterproofing membranes with outstanding performance. They are made using a latest generation distilled bitumen-based compound, ultra-light REOXTHENE technology, with Evalith™ XTR polyester spunbond from Johns Manville, stabilized and reinforced with longitudinal glass fiber threads. The special type of compound, which surpasses previous weight/thickness parameters (compound density ≤0,96 g/cm³ - Test method ISO 1183), and the improved mechanical characteristics of the fabric (excellent elongation, remarkable tensile strength) makes these membranes suitable for the heaviest use. The compound's special formula provides unique cold flexibility (-10 °C). The innovative technology used in membrane production, protected by patent, provides another guarantee of the product's quality, stability, and durability.

### INTENDED USE AS PER CE STANDARDS

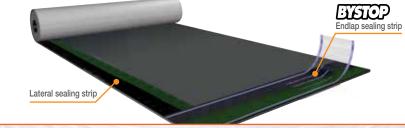
	SINGLE-LAYER		MULTI-LAYER				ROOT BARRIER	VAPOUR BARRIER	FOUND	ATIONS	UNDER ROOFING TILES
PRODUCT			F.L.		U.L.				R.D.	G.W.	
	E.	U.H.P.	E.	U.H.P.	E.	U.H.P.					
3 mm				•	•	•					
4 mm			•	•	•	•			•		
5 mm			•	•	•	•			•		
4 mm FT			•	•	•	•			•		
4 mm Mineral			•								
4,5 mm Mineral			•								

F.L.: Finishing Layer - U.L.: Underlying Layer - R.D.: Rising Damp - G.: Ground-water - E.: Exposed - U.H.P.: Under Heavy Protection

EVOLIGHT S and EVOLIGHT S MINERAL are particularly indicated for traditional waterproofing, with a plasticity that ensures perfect surface adhesion. Their excellent mechanical and dimensional stability characteristics indicate use in civil and industrial waterproofing with all structures (traditional, metal, prefabricated) in which these qualities are required. The top layer of membranes applied in exposed systems must be protected from UV rays with slate chippings (Mineral-surfaced version) or with protective or reflective paint. Waterproofing systems under heavy protection can be laid in multiple layers with minimum thicknesses of 7 mm (4+3 mm).

## TYPES OF FINISH AND SUGGESTIONS FOR LAYING

EVOLIGHTS has a top surface coated with talc, sand, or a lightweight polypropylene, non-woven, fabric. The underside is protected and faced with **POLYFLAM** (Secretary to the special non-stick polyethylene film which disappears during felt installation.



In its MINERAL version, the top surface is finished with a protective layer of natural or coloured granules.

Available also in the high reflective version thanks to the use of special white slate with high solar reflection rate used as top protective layer. It has the (EXIOP patented)

overlapping sealing strip at side and end lap.

The surfaces to be waterproofed must be dry, clean, smooth and level. Application is quick and easy and is done by light flaming with propane gas.

If the waterproofing condensed polymer membrane is employed in combination with an insulating system or panel, and if there are a high depht or peculiar application conditions, a mechanical fixing of the complete system is recommended.

### STORAGE METHOD

Store the product in a dry place out of direct sunlight. Never stack pallets on top of each other. Rolls must always be kept standing. Contact with solvents or organic liquids may damage the product. Avoid laying at extreme temperatures and absolutely avoid puncturing the product (by wearing shoes with cleats, concentrating temporary loads in restricted areas, or dropping sharp objects).



Keep out of direct sunlight



Avoid stacking pallets without evenly distributing the load



Keep the rolls standing



Absolutely avoid puncturing the product





### TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TEST	TECHNICAL		UN	IT OF		NOMINAL		NOMINAL F
METHOD	CHARACTERISTICS		ME	ASURE		VALUES		NOMINAL VALUES  ≥10  ≥1  Exceeds  4,5 (-0,2) Mineral NPD  Exceeds  NPD  NPD  NPD  E  NPD  NPD  NPD  650 (±20%)  400 (±20%)  45 (±15)  45 (±15)  2800  ≥10  150 (±30%)  170 (±30%)  170 (±30%)  ≥0,3  -  ≤-10  ≥120  ≥110  -  ≤30  20000  ABSENT  S).
EN 1848-1	LENGTH		m			≥10		≥10 s∄eṭtd
EN 1848-1	WIDTH		m			≥1		≥1
EN 1848-1	STRAIGHTNESS			n/10 m		Exceeds		Exceeds
EN 1849-1	THICKNESS		mm			4 (-0,2)		4,5 (-0,2) Mineral
EN 1849-1	WEIGHT PER UNIT AREA			m <sup>2</sup>		NPD		NPD s
EN 1928-B	WATERPROOFING			ı		Exceeds		Exceeds §
EN 13897	WATERTIGHTNESS AFTER STRETCH	IING	%			NPD		NPD
EN 13501-5	EXTERNAL FIRE PERFORMANCE		-			NPD		NPD 8
EN 13501-1	REACTION TO FIRE			oclass		E		E
EN 12316	PEEL RESISTANCE			0 mm		NPD	9	NPD SALE
EN 12317	SHEAR RESISTANCE		N/5	0 mm		NPD		NPD
	TENSILE PROPERTIES				U		H	ss res
	MAXIMUM LOAD AT BREAK						4	pas de
	Longitudinal			0 mm	ы	650 (±20%)	3	650 (±20%)
EN 12311-1	Transversal		N/5	0 mm		400 (±20%)		400 (±20%)
	ELONGATION AT BREAK				P		S	ass n
	Longitudinal		%		Н	45 (±15)		45 (±15)
	Transversal		%		0	45 (±15)		45 (±15)
EN 12691-A	RESISTANCE TO IMPACT		mm	1	M	≥800	46	≥800 sosi
EN 12730-A	RESISTANCE TO STATIC LOADING		kg		11	≥10	$\mathbf{Z}$	≥10 sõg
EN 40040 4	RESISTANCE TO TEARING					450 ( 000()		les e sels
EN 12310-1	Longitudinal		N			150 (±30%)	0	150 (±30%)
EN 4407.4	Transversal		N			170 (±30%)	<b>&gt;</b>	170 (±30%)
EN 1107-1	DIMENSIONAL STABILITY		%			≤0,3	TI	≤0,3
EN 1108	FORM STABILITY UNDER CYCLIC		%			-		- cité de
EN 1109	TEMPERATURE CHANGES COLD FLEXIBILITY		°C			≤-10		<u>s-10</u>
EN 1110	FLOW RESISTANCE AT ELEVATED TE	MDEDATLIDE	°C			≥120		≥120
EN 1110	ARTIFICIAL AGEING BEHAVIOUR	IVIPENATURE						212U losan,
EN 1296	(FLOW RESISTANCE)		°C			≥110		≥110 <u>se</u>
	ARTIFICIAL AGEING BEHAVIOUR							situat
EN 1297	(VISIBLE DEFECTS)		-			Exceeds		- entes
EN 12039	ADHESION OF GRANULES		%					≤30 s differ
EN 1931	WATER VAPOUR PROPERTIES µ		-			20000		20000
EN 1850-1	VISIBLE DEFECTS					ABSENT		ABSENT
		r roofing) and EN	12060 TVDE	T products of	landa		ation	JO LE
in compliance with	EN 13707 product standards (layers for	r rooming) and EN	13909 1176	i products si	lallua	irus (layers for fourius	ations	o).
								3LISA
PACKA	GE DIMENSIONS	<u>S</u>						- IMÉAE
								IMPER
PRODUCT		THICKNESS	WEIGHT	DIMENSI	ONS			HE O.
	mm	kg/m²	m				GRAP	
EVOLIGHT S 3 m	3	-	1x10				IRAII	
EVOLIGHT S 4 m	4	-	1x10				les S	
EVOLIGHT S 5 m	5	-	1x8				cerne	
EVOLIGHT S 4 m	4	-	1x10				qui cor	
EVOLIGHT S 4 m	4	-	1x10				ır ce q	
	4	-	1x10				Pou	

### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

PRODUCT	THICKNESS mm	WEIGHT kg/m²	DIMENSIONS m
EVOLIGHT S 3 mm	3	-	1x10
EVOLIGHT S 4 mm	4	-	1x10
EVOLIGHT S 5 mm	5	-	1x8
EVOLIGHT S 4 mm FT	4	-	1x10
EVOLIGHT S 4 mm MINERAL Grey	4	-	1x10
EVOLIGHT S 4 mm MINERAL Other colours	4	-	1x10
EVOLIGHT S 4,5 mm MINERAL Grey	4,5	-	1x10
EVOLIGHT S 4,5 mm MINERAL Other colours	4,5	-	1x10

### **AVAILABLE COLOURS**

Surfaces protected by coloured mineral granules:













\* High reflection colors (Cool Roof).

Reflect White - SRI (Solar Reflect Index) ASTM E 1980-11: 57%1; Rj: 48%; E: 94%.

White MHR - SRI (Solar Reflect Index) ASTM E 1980-11: 85%1; Rj: 69%; E: 94%.

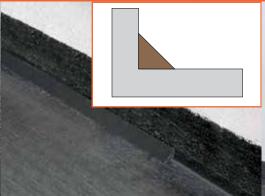
Initial values according to ASTM, referring to new materials.

Rev. 1/18

### LAYING EVOLIGHT S



- Treat the area to be waterproofed with bituminous primer (POLYPRIMER HP 45 Professional).



- Position the corner border near the horizontal-vertical joint.



- Completely strip away the product identification tape.



- In the colder months, we recommend heating up the roll of membrane before applying it.



- Position and apply the sheet by flaming its bottom surface.



- Pull the sheet up to a certain height against vertical surfaces.



- Apply the second sheet with adequate overlapping.



- Lay the second layer by overlapping. Do not cross the sheets.



- Roll the overlapping areas using the special pressing roller.



- Example of internal corner.



- Example of external corner.



12 - Example of vent pipe.

